28 April 1969

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

Morning Meeting of 28 April 1969

DD/I noted deGaulle's resignation in response to the outcome of the referendum and reported that the White House had asked for a	2
Situation Report, which was delivered. DD/I seconded the Director's	

DD/I reported that the NSC will meet on 30 April on disarmament/seabeds. He noted that at the moment there is no requirement for the Director to brief.

DD/I reported that the Under Secretaries Group will be meeting on 1 May to consider NSSM No. 13, Key Countries in NPT, with no attendant requirement for the Director to brief.

Lehman for Godfrey noted receipt of a request from Dr. Kissinger for a memorandum evaluating the ChiCom Ninth Party Congress and for an additional memorandum evaluating Lin Piao's report to the Congress.

Lehman reported a major fire at the U. S. base in Danang, with a reported loss of 45,000 tons of ammunition. Early reports suggest that the cause was an uncontrolled brush fire.

Lehman not	ed his intent to contact the White House to obtain a
standdown on the	requirement to provide indications reports on the
Korean situation.	
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of 25 Apri suggested attention of on the anti with expect is related	tive Director called attention to ""U. S. Employes Open Drive to hat Executive Committee member their offices and noted that signa Safeguard petition would be, in head Agency employee conduct. DD o SDS. Executive Director noted ted against President Johnson's V	Defeat ABM System." He es call the article to the tures of Agency employees is judgment, inconsistent CI asked whether this group that it is probably the group
	ted against President Johnson's V	
of his 23 A	Director noted that he provided Se oril testimony before the Gore Su Morning Meeting Minutes.)	
of his 23 A	oril testimony before the Gore Su	

*Extracted and sent to action officer

L. K. White

D/ONE noted that there is nothing before USIB this week. In response to the Director's question, EA/DCI mentioned that the GMAIC				
	e agenda, but the Di			
gestion that no	meeting be held.			

Maury noted that the Director's testimony of 9 April 1968 included reference to the SS-9's capabilities against hard targets. The Director concurred in Maury's providing an appropriate excerpt to Dorothy Fosdick for Senator Jackson.

DD/S&T will undertake the briefing.

*Maury noted that Senator Pell's office has inquired about the answers to some questions which the Senator may have raised with respect to the Director's past testimony. The Director asked Maury to see Senator Pell in order to determine precisely what questions, if any, the Senator may have in mind.

Bross noted the scheduled PFIAB panel briefings on 29 April, 3 May, and 8 May. He observed that the Director will host a luncheon for Admiral Anderson and General Lincoln on Friday and pointed to the possible requirement to brief them on the general mission and organization of the Agency. The Executive Director indicated his availability to brief but noted a possible conflict with his briefing of the Brookings group. Executive Director will meet with Bross to coordinate the required schedule.

DD/S&T reported that on the afternoon of 1 May they will be briefing the Strategic Panel of the President's Science Advisory Committee.

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THE FEDERAL SPOTLIGHT



U.S. Employes Open Drive To Defeat ABM System

By JOSEPH YOUNG
Stor Stoff Writer

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A group of federal employes has started a campaign to defeat the Nixon administration's proposed anti-ballistics missile system.

The Federal Employes for a Democratic Society is circulating petitions in all major government and agencies denouncing the administration's ABM position, and urging its rejection.

Murray Smith, co-chairman of the campaign and an information specialist with the State Department, said that thus far 1,000 employe signatures have been obtained during the first few days of the drive.

Smith sald that full-page newspaper ads are being prepared for Washington newspapers to add impetus to the campaign. When the campaign is completed, the petitions with all the signatures will be presented to Congress.

FEDS is an outgrowth of a drive by a group of government workers a year or so ago in opposition to the Johnson administration's Vietnam poli-

At that time the Johnson administration, after much deliberation, decided against taking any retaliatory moves against the employes leading the anti-Vietnam campaign.

It is reported that Nixon administration officials are studying the anti-ABM drive by FEDS to determine what, if anything, should be done, particularly with employes in State, Defense and other government units directly involved with ABM policy.

Smith declared that the FEDS activity was perfectly legal because government employes have a right to petition

FEDS declares in the petition that most leading scientists have agreed on the "futility" of the administration's ABM program and asserts that the money for such a program should be used instead to correct the country's domestic ills.